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Theo of the I Am Number Four is a captivating character whose journey and significance within the "I Am Number Four" universe have intrigued fans and newcomers alike. As a crucial figure in the series, Theo embodies themes of heroism, loyalty, and self-discovery. This article explores the character's background, role in the story, personality traits, and his importance within the broader narrative, providing an in-depth understanding for enthusiasts and newcomers interested in the "I Am Number Four" series.

Introduction to Theo in "I Am Number Four"

The "I Am Number Four" series, authored by Pittacus Lore, follows the story of nine alien teenagers on Earth, each with unique powers, fleeing from their enemies, the Mogadorians. Among these characters, Theo emerges as a significant figure, especially in relation to the protagonist, John Smith (Number Four).

While Theo's presence may not be as prominent as some of the main characters, his role is vital in shaping key plot points and themes such as friendship, bravery, and the fight against evil. Understanding Theo's character provides a richer appreciation for the complexities and emotional depth of the series.

The Background and Origin of Theo

Though the series primarily centers around John Smith and his journey, Theo's origins are intertwined with the broader lore of the Loric (the alien race to which they all belong).

Who is Theo?

Theo is introduced as a loyal and brave ally, often depicted as someone who stands by his friends and fights for justice. His background is characterized by:

- Loyalty to the Loric cause: Theo is committed to protecting Earth and fighting against the Mogadorians.
- Alien heritage: Like the other Loric, Theo possesses unique Legacies (special powers) that aid him in combat and strategic situations.
- Role as a protector: He often acts as a guardian for his friends, sometimes putting himself at risk to ensure their safety.

While detailed origin stories are sparse, the series emphasizes his connection to other Loric and his role in the resistance against the enemies of his race.

The Role of Theo in the "I Am Number Four" Series

Theo's involvement in the storyline enhances the depth of the narrative, reflecting themes of camaraderie and heroism.

Key Contributions and Actions

- Supporting the main characters: Theo provides emotional and physical support during critical moments, helping to defend against Mogadorian attacks.
- Participation in battles: He fights alongside John and other allies, demonstrating his combat skills and bravery.
- Strategic thinker: Theo often contributes to planning and tactics, showcasing his intelligence and commitment to the cause.
- Personal growth: His character arc involves overcoming fears and embracing his responsibilities as a Loric warrior.

Relationship Dynamics

- With John Smith: Theo develops a strong camaraderie with John, often acting as a confidant and trusted ally.
- With other Loric: He collaborates with other Loric, emphasizing unity and collective strength.
- With humans and allies: His interactions highlight themes of integration and cooperation across species.

Personality Traits and Characteristics of Theo

Understanding Theo's personality provides insight into his actions and decisions throughout the series.

Core Traits

- Loyalty: Unwavering in his commitment to friends and the Loric cause.
- Bravery: Willing to face danger head-on during battles and missions.
- Compassion: Shows empathy and concern for others, often putting their needs before his own.
- Strategic: Possesses a sharp mind, capable of devising plans during conflicts.

- Resilience: Demonstrates perseverance in the face of adversity.

Strengths and Weaknesses

- **Strengths:** Combat skills, strategic thinking, loyalty, resilience
- **Weaknesses:** Occasionally impulsive, emotional attachments that can cloud judgment

His nuanced personality makes him a relatable and compelling character within the series.

The Significance of Theo in the Broader Narrative

Theo's role transcends mere combat support; he symbolizes core themes of the series.

Themes Highlighted Through Theo

- Unity and teamwork: His cooperation with others underscores the importance of working together against a common enemy.
- Courage in adversity: His willingness to stand firm in dangerous situations exemplifies heroism.
- Identity and belonging: As an alien on Earth, Theo's journey reflects themes of self-discovery and finding one's place.

Impact on the Series' Plot Development

- Catalyst for key events: Certain actions taken by Theo lead to pivotal moments, such as uncovering enemy plans or protecting vital allies.
- Emotional depth: His interactions and sacrifices add emotional resonance to the story.
- Representation of the Loric race: Theo embodies the virtues and struggles of his people, providing a humanized perspective.

Comparison with Other Characters

While the series features a diverse cast, Theo's character can be contrasted with others to highlight his unique qualities.

Versus John Smith (Number Four)

- Leadership: John is often the leader, while Theo supports and follows.

- Experience: John's character has more narrative focus on growth, with Theo depicted as an emerging hero.
- Personality: John's determination contrasts with Theo's compassionate approach.

Versus Other Loric

- Role in the resistance: Theo is portrayed as a steadfast supporter, whereas others may have more prominent roles or different backgrounds.
- Powers and Legacies: His abilities complement the team dynamic, emphasizing diversity among Loric powers.

Conclusion: The Enduring Legacy of Theo in "I Am Number Four"

Theo's character, though perhaps not as prominently featured as John Smith, embodies essential qualities that resonate throughout the "I Am Number Four" series. His loyalty, bravery, and commitment to justice make him a vital part of the narrative fabric, illustrating the power of friendship and heroism across species and worlds.

Fans appreciate Theo not only for his actions in battle but also for his growth as a character who exemplifies resilience and selflessness. As the series continues to inspire readers with themes of hope, unity, and courage, Theo remains a symbol of the enduring human and alien spirit fighting for a better future.

In summary, Theo of the "I Am Number Four" series is a compelling character whose contributions and personal journey enrich the story. His role underscores the importance of loyalty, bravery, and hope in the face of adversity, making him a memorable and inspirational figure within this captivating universe.

Theo of The I Am Number Four: An In-Depth Exploration of a Key Character

Introduction

In the universe of The I Am Number Four, a young adult science fiction series written by Pittacus Lore (a pseudonym for authors James Frey and Jobie Hughes), characters are as vital as the plot itself. Among these characters, Theo stands out as a compelling figure, embodying themes of courage, identity, and resilience. This detailed review delves into Theo's character arc, personality, significance within the series, and his impact on readers.

Who is Theo in The I Am Number Four?

Character Overview

Theo is introduced as a young alien refugee from the planet Lorien, part of the Garde—a group of nine Lorien teens with special powers tasked with defending their species and humanity from the Mogadorian invaders. His role is initially peripheral but becomes increasingly significant as the series progresses.

Origins and Background

- **Lorien Heritage:** Theo hails from Lorien, a planet renowned for its advanced technology and mystical powers.
- **Garde Abilities:** As a Garde, Theo possesses unique Legacies—special powers linked to his Lorien roots.
- **Personality Traits:** Compassionate, brave, and sometimes impulsive, Theo exhibits qualities that make him a memorable character.

Physical Description

While physical details are minimal, Theo is often depicted as:

- Young, fitting the typical age range of the Garde (teenager).
- Having an appearance that reflects his Lorien heritage—perhaps slightly ethereal or otherworldly.

The Evolution of Theo's Character

Initial Introduction and Role

At first, Theo is portrayed as a secondary character, primarily providing comic relief and emotional support to the main cast. His youthful enthusiasm and innocence contrast with the darker themes of the series.

Growth and Development

As the story unfolds, Theo demonstrates significant growth:

- **Acceptance of Responsibility:** He matures from a somewhat naive teen to a dedicated fighter.
- **Development of Powers:** His Legacies become more pronounced, showcasing his potential.
- **Leadership Qualities:** In pivotal moments, Theo exhibits leadership, inspiring others to

persevere.

Key Moments in Theo’s Arc

- First Use of Powers: His initial display of Legacies signifies his awakening as a Garde.
- Facing Adversity: Confronting Mogadorian threats solidifies his resolve.
- Sacrificial Acts: Demonstrating bravery, Theo risks himself for the greater good.
- Personal Loss and Resilience: Encounters with tragedy foster resilience and deepen his character.

Personality and Traits

Core Attributes

- Courageous: Despite fears, Theo consistently steps into danger to protect others.
- Empathetic: His compassion makes him relatable and endearing.
- Impulsive: His youthful nature sometimes leads to rash decisions.
- Loyal: Fiercely loyal to his friends and the Lorien cause.

Strengths and Weaknesses

Strengths Weaknesses	
----- -----	
Quick learner of Legacies	Impulsivity can lead to mistakes
Determined and brave	Inexperience compared to older Garde
Compassionate and empathetic	Emotional vulnerability

Relationship Dynamics

- With Other Characters: Theo forms bonds with main characters like John Smith and Sam. His relationships often highlight his growth and emotional depth.
- Romantic Aspects: While not a primary focus, hints of romantic interest or affection add layers to his personality.

Significance within the Series

Role in the Plot

Theo's journey is integral to the narrative's progression:

- Acts as a symbol of hope and renewal.
- Embodies the theme of youthful heroism.
- Contributes to pivotal battles and strategic decisions.

Symbolism and Themes

- Youthful Courage: Represents the potential of the younger generation to effect change.
- Identity and Heritage: His Lorien origins tie into themes of belonging and self-discovery.
- Resilience in Adversity: His perseverance underscores the series' message of hope amid chaos.

Impact on the Narrative

Theo's character development influences key story arcs:

- His evolving Legacies impact battle outcomes.
- His emotional journey drives character interactions and decisions.
- His growth mirrors the series' overarching themes of maturity and heroism.

Fan Reception and Cultural Impact

Popularity

- Fans appreciate Theo for his relatability and growth.
- His moments of bravery resonate with readers young and old.

Representation

- Theo's character adds diversity to the series' cast, emphasizing the importance of hope and resilience in young heroes.

Inspiration

- His journey encourages readers to embrace their own potential.
- Demonstrates that even the youngest or seemingly inexperienced can make a difference.

Critical Analysis

Strengths of Theo's Character

- Well-developed arc that balances vulnerability with courage.
- Provides comic relief while maintaining emotional depth.
- Embodies key themes effectively.

Areas for Further Development

- Some readers wish for more exploration of his background.
- Greater focus on his relationships and internal struggles could deepen his character.

Conclusion

Theo of The I Am Number Four is a quintessential example of youthful heroism woven into a compelling science fiction narrative. From his humble beginnings as an inexperienced Lorien Garde to a brave warrior willing to face insurmountable odds, Theo's character embodies the series' core themes of resilience, hope, and the power of inner strength. His journey inspires readers to believe in their potential, making him a memorable and vital part of the I Am Number Four universe.

Final Thoughts

Whether you are a longtime fan or new to the series, Theo's character offers a rich tapestry of growth, bravery, and heart. His evolution from a young, impulsive teen to a confident hero underscores the transformative power of adversity and camaraderie. Aspiring heroes like Theo remind us all that courage isn't the absence of fear but the determination to face it head-on.

Question What is the significance of 'The Power of Six' in 'I Am Number Four'? In 'I Am Number Four,' 'The Power of Six' refers to the mysterious and powerful abilities that Number Six possesses, which become crucial in the fight against the Mogadorians and in protecting the Lorien race. **Answer** How does the theme of identity play a role in 'I Am Number Four'? The theme of identity is central as the protagonist, John Smith, struggles to accept his alien origins while trying to live a

normal human life, highlighting the challenges of self-discovery and belonging. What are the main powers exhibited by John Smith in 'I Am Number Four'? John Smith demonstrates several powers, including telekinesis, enhanced speed and strength, and the ability to produce a protective energy shield, which aid him in his battles against the Mogadorians. How does 'I Am Number Four' explore the concept of friendship and trust? The novel emphasizes the importance of friendship and trust as John teams up with others like Sam and Six, learning to rely on them for support and to share the burden of their dangerous mission. What role does the Lorien heritage play in the storyline of 'I Am Number Four'? Lorien heritage provides the main characters with their unique abilities and a connection to their home planet, which motivates their fight against the Mogadorians and shapes their identities throughout the series.

Related keywords: theo, number four, i am number four, alien, sci-fi, thriller, cast, film, action, plot

Chemistry Worksheet Atomic Number And Mass Number

Chemistry worksheet atomic number and mass number are fundamental concepts in the study of chemistry that help students and enthusiasts understand the structure of atoms. These concepts are essential for grasping how elements are organized, how isotopes differ from each other, and how atomic properties influence chemical behavior. A well-designed chemistry worksheet focusing on atomic number and mass number serves as an excellent educational tool to reinforce these foundational ideas, making complex topics more accessible through practical exercises, clear explanations, and engaging activities.

Understanding Atomic Number and Mass Number

What is the Atomic Number?

The atomic number (denoted as Z) is a fundamental property of an element. It represents the number of protons present in the nucleus of an atom of that element. Since protons are positively charged particles, the atomic number essentially defines the element itself because each element has a unique number of protons.

- Determines the element's identity (e.g., Hydrogen has $Z=1$, Carbon $Z=6$).
- Impacts the element's chemical properties and reactivity.
- Defines the number of electrons in a neutral atom.

What is the Mass Number?

The mass number (denoted as A) refers to the total number of protons and neutrons in an atom's nucleus. Unlike the atomic number, which is unique for each element, the mass number can vary among isotopes of the same element.

- Calculates the approximate atomic mass of an isotope.
- Used to distinguish between different isotopes.
- Not a whole number for elements with naturally occurring isotopic mixtures, where average atomic mass is used instead.

Key Differences Between Atomic Number and Mass Number

Feature	Atomic Number (Z)	Mass Number (A)
Definition	Number of protons in an atom	Total number of protons and neutrons
Symbol	Z	A
Unique for each element	Yes	No (varies among isotopes)
Determines	Element identity	Isotope type

Using a Chemistry Worksheet to Learn Atomic Structure

A chemistry worksheet centered on atomic number and mass number provides structured exercises that enhance understanding through various activities such as:

- Identifying elements based on atomic number
- Calculating the number of neutrons in isotopes
- Determining the isotope symbol notation
- Matching isotopes to their atomic and mass numbers
- Understanding the concept of atomic mass as an average of isotopes

These activities help students master key concepts and develop problem-solving skills essential for advanced chemistry topics.

How to Calculate Atomic Number and Mass Number

Calculating Atomic Number

The atomic number is usually given or can be found on the periodic table. When not provided directly, it is often determined by:

- Looking at the element symbol (e.g., C for Carbon, atomic number 6)
- Using the periodic table
- Counting the number of protons in an atom if data is provided

Calculating Mass Number

The mass number can be calculated if the number of protons and neutrons are known:

Mass Number (A) = Number of Protons + Number of Neutrons

Alternatively, for a specific isotope, the notation is written as:

Element symbol with mass number: ^{12}C (Carbon-12)

where 12 indicates the mass number.

Isotopes and Their Significance in Chemistry

What are Isotopes?

Isotopes are variants of a particular chemical element that have the same number of protons but different numbers of neutrons. This variation results in different mass numbers but similar chemical properties.

- Examples: Carbon-12 (^{12}C), Carbon-13 (^{13}C), and Carbon-14 (^{14}C).
- Some isotopes are stable, while others are radioactive.

Importance of Isotopes

Isotopes have practical applications in various fields:

- Radioactive dating (e.g., Carbon-14 dating in archaeology)
- Medical imaging and treatment (e.g., Radioisotopes in cancer therapy)
- Tracing chemical reactions in research
- Understanding atomic structure and nuclear physics

Practice Exercises for Students

To reinforce learning, a chemistry worksheet should include practice questions such as:

- Identify the atomic number and mass number of an element given its isotope notation (e.g., $^{40}_{20}\text{Ca}$).

- Calculate the number of neutrons in the isotope ${}^7\text{Li}$, given that Lithium's atomic number is 3.
- Write the isotope notation for an atom with 11 protons and 12 neutrons.
- Determine whether a given isotope is stable or radioactive based on its atomic and mass numbers.
- Compare two isotopes of the same element and discuss how their properties differ.

Answers to these questions help students develop confidence and deepen their understanding of atomic concepts.

Visual Aids and Diagrams in the Worksheet

Incorporating visual elements enhances comprehension:

- Diagrams of atomic structure highlighting protons, neutrons, and electrons.
- Periodic table with atomic numbers and isotopic information.
- Charts showing common isotopes of key elements.
- Visual comparisons between isotopes to illustrate differences in neutrons.

Such visuals make abstract concepts more tangible and facilitate better retention.

Additional Resources and Study Tips

Students seeking to excel in understanding atomic number and mass number should consider:

- Using periodic tables effectively, noting atomic numbers and isotopic masses.
- Practicing calculations with real data from elements and isotopes.
- Engaging in hands-on activities, such as building atom models.
- Utilizing online interactive quizzes and simulations for practice.

Consistent practice with a variety of problems enhances mastery and prepares students for higher-level chemistry topics.

Conclusion

A comprehensive chemistry worksheet on atomic number and mass number is an invaluable educational resource that reinforces core atomic concepts vital for understanding the nature of matter. By exploring definitions, differences, calculations, and practical applications, learners gain a solid foundation in atomic structure. Integrating visual aids, practice exercises, and real-world examples within the worksheet makes learning engaging and effective. Mastery of these concepts

not only prepares students for exams but also deepens their appreciation of the intricate building blocks of the universe, paving the way for success in advanced chemistry and related sciences.

Chemistry Worksheet Atomic Number and Mass Number: An In-Depth Exploration

In the realm of chemistry, understanding the fundamental building blocks of matter is essential for grasping how elements interact, form compounds, and underpin the universe itself. Among the foundational concepts are the atomic number and mass number, which serve as key identifiers and descriptors of atoms. These numerical values not only facilitate the classification of elements but also underpin various calculations and models within atomic physics and chemistry. This article offers a comprehensive review of these concepts, exploring their definitions, significance, differences, and applications, while providing an analytical perspective on their roles in chemical education and research.

Understanding Atomic Number and Mass Number: Definitions and Significance

What is the Atomic Number?

The atomic number, symbolized as Z , is a fundamental property of an element that specifies the number of protons in the nucleus of an atom. Since protons carry a positive charge, the atomic number directly determines the element's identity. For example, all atoms with an atomic number of 6 are carbon atoms, while those with an atomic number of 8 are oxygen atoms.

Significance of the Atomic Number:

- **Element Identification:** The atomic number uniquely identifies an element; no two different elements share the same atomic number.
- **Periodic Table Organization:** Elements are arranged in order of increasing atomic number, which structures the periodic table and reflects periodic trends.
- **Chemical Properties:** The atomic number influences an atom's electron configuration, dictating its chemical reactivity, bonding behavior, and valency.

What is the Mass Number?

The mass number, denoted as A , represents the total number of nucleons (protons and neutrons) in an atom's nucleus. Unlike the atomic number, which is fixed for each element, the mass number can vary within the same element, leading to different isotopes.

Significance of the Mass Number:

- Isotope Identification: Variations in the mass number give rise to isotopes, which are atoms of the same element with different neutron counts.
- Mass Calculations: The mass number is used to approximate the atomic mass of an isotope, which is vital for calculations in stoichiometry and nuclear chemistry.
- Radioactivity and Stability: The ratio of neutrons to protons (reflected in the mass number) influences nuclear stability and the likelihood of radioactive decay.

Distinguishing Between Atomic Number and Mass Number: Key Differences

Understanding the differences between atomic number and mass number is crucial for students and professionals alike. Below are the primary distinctions:

Aspect	Atomic Number (Z)	Mass Number (A)
Definition	Number of protons in the nucleus	Total number of protons and neutrons in the nucleus
Units	No units; a count	No units; a count
Fixed for an element	Yes	No; varies with isotopes
Determines	Element identity	Isotope identity
Affects	Chemical properties	Nuclear properties and atomic mass

Additional insights:

- Since the atomic number determines the element, changing Z results in a different element altogether.
- The mass number can vary within the same element, leading to different isotopes with distinct physical properties.

Calculating Atomic Mass and Isotopic Composition

The Role of Isotopes in Atomic Mass Calculations

While the atomic mass listed on the periodic table is a weighted average, individual isotopes have

specific masses approximately equal to their mass numbers. Understanding isotopic composition is essential for applications in:

- Radiometric dating
- Medical imaging
- Nuclear energy

Calculating Atomic Mass:

The atomic mass of an element is calculated as the weighted average of the masses of its naturally occurring isotopes:

$$\text{Atomic mass} = \sum (\text{fractional abundance of isotope} \times \text{mass of isotope})$$

For example, chlorine has two main isotopes:

- Chlorine-35 (mass number 35, abundance ~75%)
- Chlorine-37 (mass number 37, abundance ~25%)

The average atomic mass:

$$(0.75 \times 35) + (0.25 \times 37) = 26.25 + 9.25 = 35.5 \text{ amu}$$

This explains why chlorine's atomic mass appears as approximately 35.5 amu on the periodic table.

Implications for Chemical and Physical Properties

Isotopic differences influence physical properties such as:

- Atomic weight

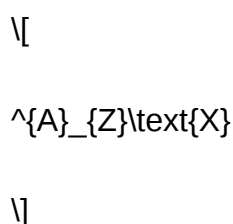
- Spectral lines
- Nuclear stability

In chemical reactions, isotopic substitution can lead to subtle effects, such as isotope effects, affecting reaction rates and mechanisms.

Using Atomic Number and Mass Number in Practice

Notation and Representation

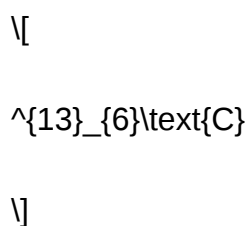
Atoms are commonly represented using nuclear notation:



Where:

- X is the chemical symbol
- Z is the atomic number
- A is the mass number

For example, an isotope of carbon with 6 protons and 7 neutrons is written as:



This notation succinctly conveys the isotope's identity and composition.

Determining Neutron Number

Given the atomic number and mass number, the neutron count can be calculated:



$$\text{Number of neutrons} = A - Z$$

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Using the previous example:

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$$7 = 13 - 6$$

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Understanding neutron numbers is critical in analyzing nuclear stability and decay processes.

Applications in Radioactive Decay and Nuclear Reactions

- Radioactive isotopes are characterized by unstable nuclei with specific neutron-to-proton ratios.
- Nuclear reactions often involve changes in the mass and atomic numbers, such as in nuclear fission or fusion.
- Detection and measurement of isotopes rely on their unique atomic and mass numbers.

Educational and Practical Importance of the Worksheet Approach

Using worksheets to teach atomic number and mass number enhances comprehension through active engagement. They often include exercises such as:

- Filling in atomic and mass numbers for different isotopes
- Calculating neutrons and protons
- Converting between notation forms
- Interpreting atomic data for element identification

Benefits of such worksheets include:

- Reinforcing theoretical knowledge
- Developing problem-solving skills
- Preparing students for laboratory and exam scenarios
- Facilitating deeper understanding of atomic structure

Advanced Topics and Contemporary Research

Beyond foundational concepts, modern research in nuclear physics and chemistry explores:

- Superheavy elements: Atoms with extremely high atomic and mass numbers, often synthesized in laboratories.
- Isotope enrichment: Techniques to increase the proportion of specific isotopes for medical or industrial use.
- Nuclear medicine: Utilization of radioactive isotopes (e.g., technetium-99m) for diagnostics and treatment.
- Nuclear stability theories: Models predicting the stability and decay pathways based on neutron-proton ratios.

These advanced topics demonstrate how the understanding of atomic and mass numbers continues to evolve, impacting technology and medicine.

Conclusion: The Integral Role of Atomic and Mass Numbers in Chemistry

The concepts of atomic number and mass number are cornerstones of atomic theory and chemistry. They serve as precise identifiers for elements and isotopes, underpin calculations in stoichiometry, and inform our understanding of nuclear phenomena. As educational tools, worksheets that focus on these numbers cultivate critical thinking and foundational knowledge, essential for any aspiring chemist, physicist, or researcher. Recognizing their distinctions and applications enhances our comprehension of matter at its most fundamental level and underscores the intricate beauty of the atomic world.

In summary, mastery of atomic and mass numbers is not merely academic but vital for advancing scientific inquiry, technological innovation, and practical applications across multiple disciplines.

Question What is the atomic number of an element? The atomic number of an element is the number of protons found in the nucleus of an atom of that element. How is the mass number of an atom different from its atomic number? The mass number is the total number of protons and neutrons in an atom's nucleus, whereas the atomic number only counts the protons. Why is the atomic number important in identifying elements? Because each element has a unique atomic number, it serves as the primary identifier for distinguishing one element from another. Can the mass number of an atom change? Yes, the mass number can change due to the addition or removal of neutrons, resulting in different isotopes of the same element. How do you calculate the atomic number and mass number from an element's symbol? The atomic number is usually written as a subscript before the symbol, and the mass number as a superscript. For example, in ${}^1_1\text{H}$, 1 is

the atomic number and 2 is the mass number. What is an isotope, and how is it related to atomic and mass numbers? An isotope is an atom of the same element with the same atomic number but a different mass number due to varying neutrons. Why are isotopes of an element chemically similar? Because isotopes have the same number of protons and electrons, they exhibit similar chemical behavior despite differences in mass. How can understanding atomic and mass numbers help in scientific studies? It helps in identifying elements and their isotopes, understanding nuclear reactions, and calculating atomic weights for chemical calculations.

Related keywords: atomic number, mass number, isotopes, protons, neutrons, electrons, atomic structure, periodic table, atomic mass, element symbols

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